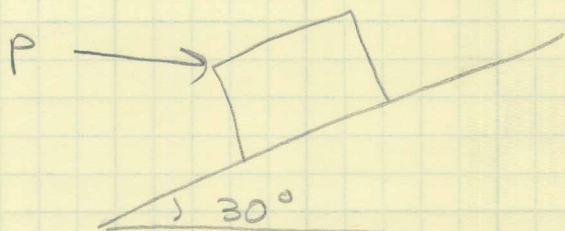
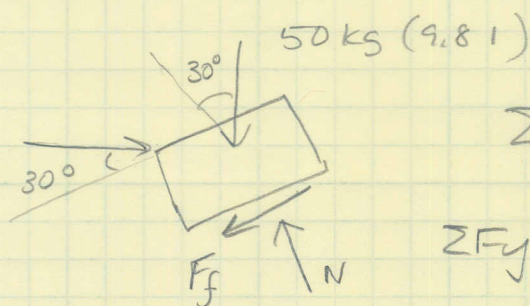


8-2



Sliding up the plane



$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad P \cos 30^\circ - 0.25N - 50(9.81) \sin 30^\circ = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad -P \sin 30^\circ - 50(9.81) \cos 30^\circ + N = 0$$

$$N = P \sin 30^\circ + 50(9.81) \cos 30^\circ$$

Substitute back into $\sum F_x$:

$$P \cos 30^\circ - 0.25 [P \sin 30^\circ + 50(9.81) \cos 30^\circ] - 50(9.81) \sin 30^\circ = 0$$

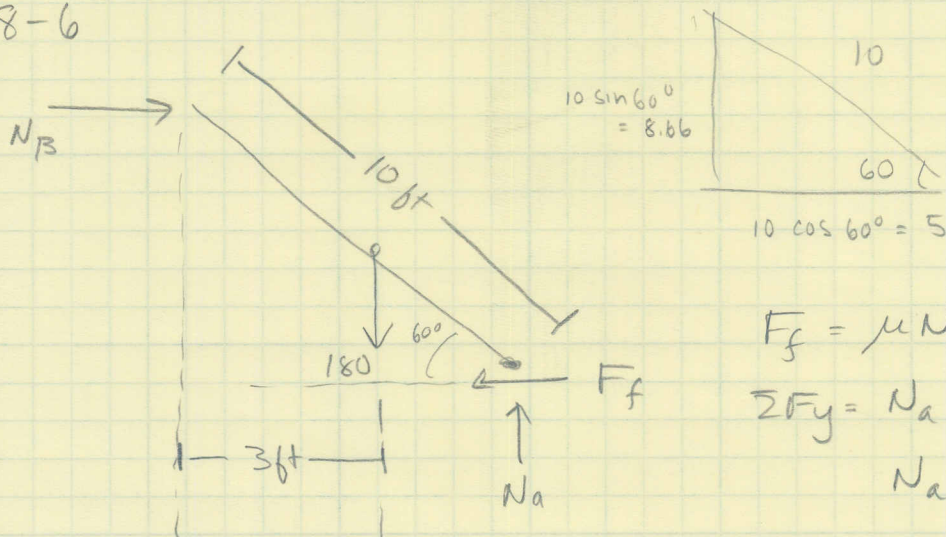
$$0.866 P - 0.125 P - 106.196 - 245.25 = 0$$

$$0.741 P = 351.446$$

$$P = 474.29 \text{ N}$$

$$N = 474.29 \sin 30^\circ + 50(9.81) \cos 30^\circ = 661.93 \text{ N}$$

8-6



$$F_f = \mu N_a$$

$$\sum F_y = N_a - 180 = 0$$

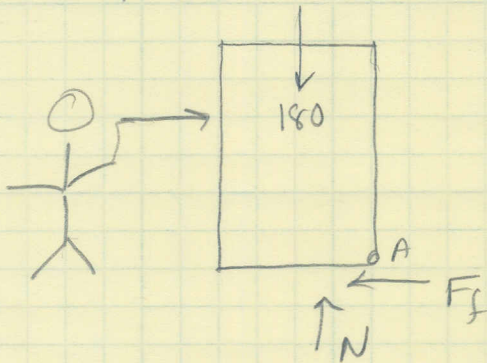
$$N_a = 180$$

$$\sum M_B = -180(3) + N_a(5) - \mu_s(180)(8.66) = 0$$

$$\mu_s(180)(8.66) = 180(5) - 540$$

$$\mu_s = \frac{360}{(180)(8.66)} = \boxed{0.231}$$

8-27



$$\sum F_y = 0 = N - 180; \quad N = 180$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 = P - F_f = 0$$

Assume slipping: $F_f = \mu_s N$

$$P = \mu_s N = 0.25(180) = \boxed{45 \text{ lb}}$$

Assume tipping:

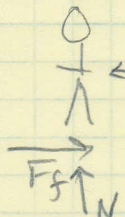
$$\sum M_a = 180(1.5) - P(4) = 0$$

$$P = \frac{270}{4} = \boxed{67.5 \text{ lb}}$$

Fridge will slide before it tips

Can 150 lb man move the refrigerator?

↓ 150 lb



$$\sum F_y = 0 = 150 - N$$

$$N = 150$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 = F_f - P = 0$$

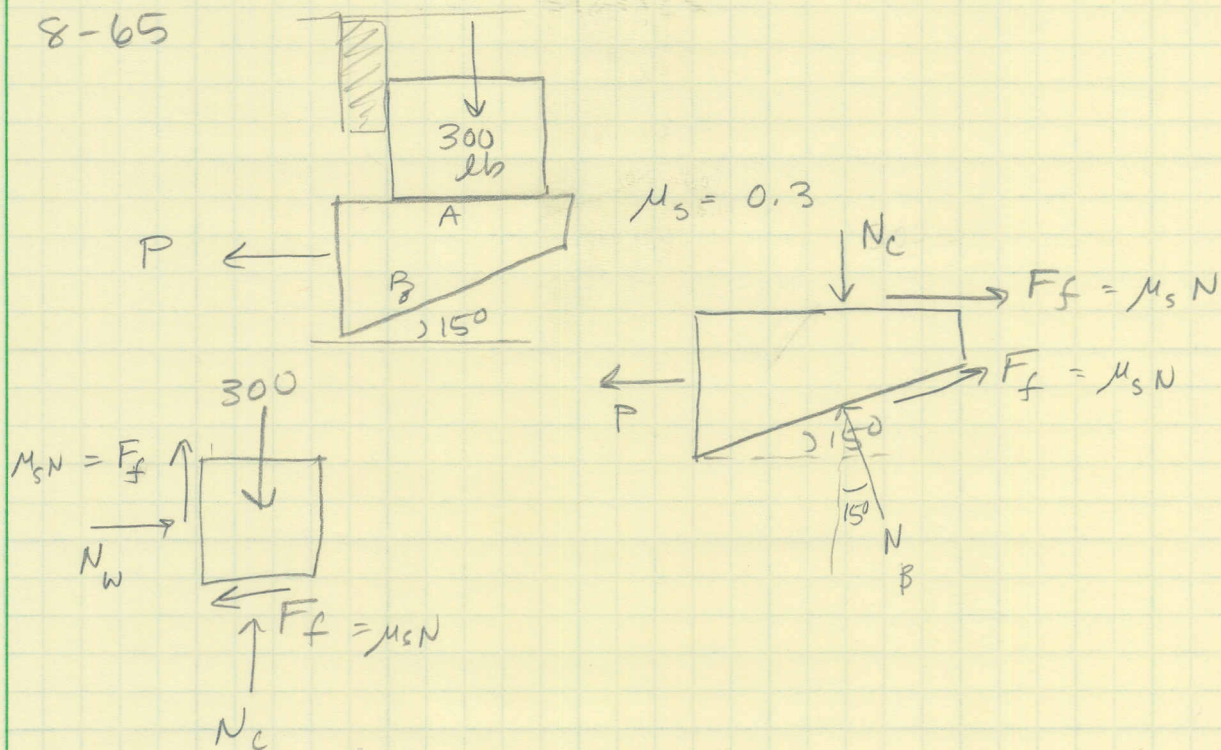
$$\mu N - P = 0$$

$$0.6(150) = P$$

$$P = \boxed{90 \text{ lb}}$$

Yes, he can move the refridge because $90 > 45$

8-65



$$\sum F_x = 0 = N_w - 0.3 N_c = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad N_c + 0.3 N_w - 300 = 0$$

$$N_w = 0.3 N_c \Rightarrow \text{substitute:}$$

$$N_c + 0.3 [0.3 N_c] - 300 = 0$$

$$1.09 N_c = 300$$

$$N_c = 275.2 \text{ lb}$$

$$N_w = 0.3 (275.2) = 82.57 \text{ lb}$$

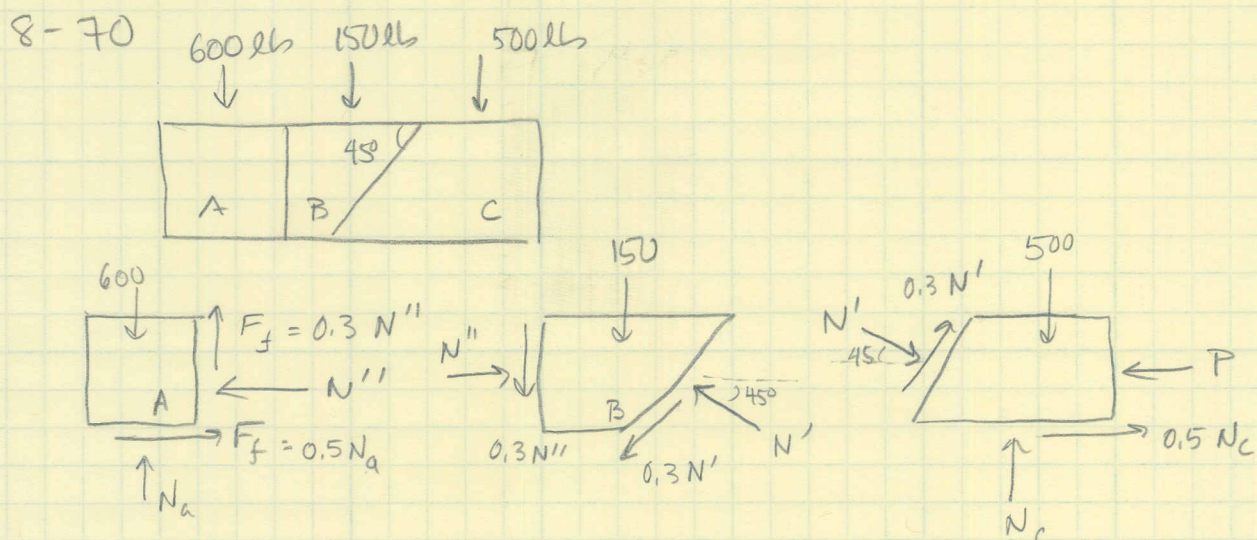
For the wedge:

$$\sum F_y = N_B \cos 15^\circ + 0.3 N_B \sin 15^\circ - 275.2 = 0$$

$$N_B = 263.74 \text{ lb}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 = 0.3 (275.2) + 0.3 (263.74) \cos 15^\circ - 263.74 \sin 15^\circ - P = 0$$

$$P = 82.56 + 76.43 - 68.26 = \boxed{90.73 \text{ lb}}$$



Assume the whole thing moves

$$\sum F_x = F_f - P = 0$$

$$\mu N = P = 0.5(600 + 150 + 500) = 625 \text{ lb}$$

assume Block B slips up, block A does not move

Block A:

$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad F_A - N'' = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad N_A - 600 + 0.3 N'' = 0$$

Block B:

$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad N'' - N' \cos 45^\circ - 0.3 N' \sin 45^\circ = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad N' \sin 45^\circ - 0.3 N' \cos 45^\circ - 150 - 0.3 N'' = 0$$

Block C:

$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad 0.3 N' \cos 45^\circ + N' \cos 45^\circ + 0.5 N_C - P = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad N_C - N' \sin 45^\circ + 0.3 N' \sin 45^\circ - 500 = 0$$

substitute & solve: $N'' = 629 \text{ lb}$ $N' = 684.3 \text{ lb}$

$$N_A = 411.3 \text{ lb}$$

$$N_C = 838.7 \text{ lb} \quad P = 1048 \text{ lb}$$

$P = 1048$ for sliding block B $P = 625$ everything slips

so all blocks slip at same time $\Rightarrow P = 625 \text{ lb}$ First