

## 403(b) vs. 457(b): Which is better for you?

Or choose both and possibly save twice as much a year – tax deferred

## What's the difference?

403(b)	457(b)
<b>Key difference:</b> It's easier to access your funds while you are employed by the plan sponsor.	<b>Key difference:</b> You are not subject to the 10% federal early withdrawal tax penalty once you leave the plan sponsor.
Here's why:	
Less stringent withdrawal restrictions while you are employed, but a 10% federal early withdrawal tax penalty might apply.	More stringent withdrawal restrictions while you are employed, but no 10% federal early withdrawal tax penalty after severance from employment [except in the case of rollovers from non-457(b) plans, including IRAs].
Generally withdrawals made prior to severance from employment or the year you reach age $59\%$ can only be made due to financial hardship.	Generally withdrawals made prior to severance from employment or the year in which you reach age 70½ can only be made for an unforeseeable emergency.
A financial hardship withdrawal is considered less restrictive — while you are employed — than a 457(b) unforeseeable emergency. Examples of financial hardship include:	An unforeseeable emergency is more restrictive — while you are employed — than a 403(b) financial hardship.  Some examples:  • A sudden and unexpected illness or accident for you
Unreimbursed medical expenses	or a dependent
Payments to purchase a principal residence	Loss of your property due to casualty
Higher education expenses	Other similar extraordinary circumstances arising as
Payments to prevent eviction or foreclosure of a mortgage	a result of events beyond your control  Sending a child to college or purchasing a home, two common reasons for 403(b) hardship withdrawals, generally are not considered unforeseeable emergencies
Withdrawals can be subject to a 10% federal early withdrawal tax penalty prior to age 59½.	The 10% federal early withdrawal tax penalty, generally applicable to distributions prior to age 59½ from a 403(b) plan, does not apply to distributions from 457(b) plans except on amounts rolled into the plan from non-457(b) plans (including IRAs).

Visit aig.com/RetirementServices or contact your financial professional with any questions.

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